



### BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY (BACT) GUIDELINE 3.3

|                            |                                    |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>Equipment Category:</b> | Prime Compression Ignition Engines |
| <b>Revision:</b>           | 1.1                                |
| <b>Date:</b>               | June 14, 2017                      |

| Pollutant                                   | BACT Requirement | BACT Technology                                   | Performance Standard    | AIP/TF |
|---|------------------|---|-------------------------|--------|
| NO <sub>x</sub>                             | 1                | EPA Tier 4 Final                                  | Varies by engine rating | AIP    |
| ROC   | 1                | EPA Tier 4 Final                                  | Varies by engine rating | AIP    |
| CO  | 1                | EPA Tier 4 Final                                  | Varies by engine rating | AIP    |
| SO <sub>x</sub>                             | 1                | CARB ultra-low sulfur diesel                      | ≤ 15 ppmw sulfur        | AIP    |
| PM, PM <sub>10</sub> ,<br>PM <sub>2.5</sub> | 1                | EPA Tier 4 Final, CARB<br>ultra-low sulfur diesel | Varies by engine rating | AIP    |

Notes:

1. NO<sub>x</sub> means oxides of nitrogen (as NO<sub>2</sub>) and SO<sub>x</sub> means oxides of sulfur (as SO<sub>2</sub>).
2. AIP means Achieved in Practice. TF means Technologically Feasible.
3. BACT is the most stringent control technique for the emissions unit and equipment category that is either achieved in practice or technologically feasible/cost effective.
4. BACT determinations are subject to periodic updates without advanced notice.
5. See EPA Tier Standards for compression ignition engines at <https://www.ourair.org/wp-content/uploads/epatiers1-4.pdf>.