

air pollution control district santa barbara county

### 2022 OZONE PLAN – MEETING #3

### Community Advisory Council Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District

Our Mission: To protect the people and the environment of Santa Barbara County from the effects of air pollution.

Aeron Arlin Genet, Director / APCO Alex Economou, Planning Division Manager Jim Fredrickson, Planning Division Supervisor Tim Mitro, Air Quality Engineer Andrew Orfila, SBCAG, Principal Transportation Planner

October 13, 2022



## TIMELINE

- April 27, 2022 CAC Meeting: Introductory meeting
- June 22, 2022 CAC Meeting: Presented Chapters 1 3
- October 13, 2022 CAC Meeting:
  - 1) Present Chapters 4 7
  - 2) Consider Complete Plan (Chapters 1 7)
- December 15, 2022 Board Meeting: Target adoption hearing



# 2022 OZONE PLAN STRUCTURE

- Chapter 1: Introduction
- Chapter 2: Local Air Quality
- Chapter 3: Emission Inventory
- Chapter 4: Stationary Source Control Measures
- Chapter 5: On-Road Transportation Control Measures
- Chapter 6: Voluntary Incentive Strategies
- Chapter 7: Attainment Strategy



### CHAPTER 4: STATIONARY SOURCE CONTROL MEASURES

- Adopted over 30 control measures since the original 1991 Clean Air Plan, including:
  - Fugitive Emissions from Oil and Gas Operations
  - Internal Combustion Engines
  - Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters
  - Residential Furnaces and Water Heaters
  - Architectural Coatings
  - Industry-specific Coating and Solvent Operations
- Based on "every feasible measure" strategy (California Health & Safety Code §40914.b)



### BACKGROUND ON PREVIOUS PLAN MEASURES

### 2017 Nonattainment-Transitional Analysis

- Less than 3 ozone exceedance days per year.
- Are additional control measures necessary to accomplish <u>expeditious attainment</u>?
  - District is NOx limited. Mainly looking for additional NOx reductions to reduce ozone levels.
  - ROC measures from the 2016 Plan were shifted to contingency.

#### 2019 Ozone Plan

- Santa Barbara County in the process of being designated Attainment.
- No new stationary source control measures proposed.



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### 2022 PLAN MEASURES

#### New Measures:

Recommend no new stationary source measures for adoption in the next 3 years.

#### Contingency Measures:

- Rule 321: Solvent Cleaning Machines and Solvent Cleaning
- Rule 351: Surface Coating of Wood Products

#### Further Study:

- Rule 354: Graphic Arts
- New Rule: Organic Material Composting
- Rule 352: Residential Furnaces & Water Heaters

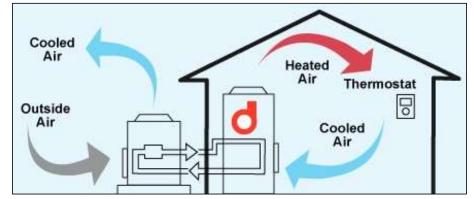
Retained from Previous Plan Retained from Previous Plan

<mark>Moved from Contingency</mark> Retained from Previous Plan <mark>Added to Further Study</mark>



### RULE 352: FURTHER STUDY

- Rule 352: Residential Furnaces & Water Heaters
  - "Point of Sale" rule
  - Ultra-low NOx Furnaces: Reduce NOx limit from 55 ppm to 20 ppm.
    - Based on South Coast AQMD & San Joaquin Valley rule amendments in 2014-2018.
  - Ventura & SLO APCD are still at 55 ppm.
- Kept as Further Study to also evaluate upcoming zero-emission standard.
  - CARB 2022 SIP Strategy
    - Point of sale for most space and water heaters, beginning in 2030.
  - Bay Area AQMD & South Coast AQMD
    - Rulemaking efforts for similar zero NOx emission standard.



**Example Heat Pump HVAC System** 

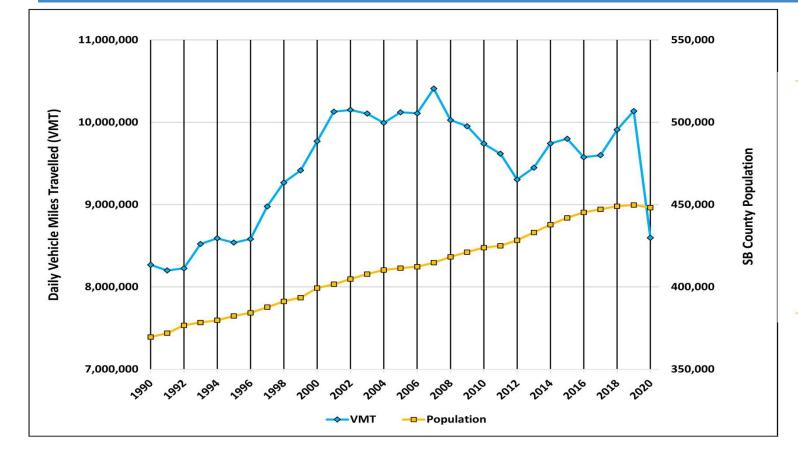
# REMAINING BARCT ASSESSMENTS (TABLE 4-4)

Rule	Description	Scheduled Adoption	Potential Emission Reductions
333	<b>Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines</b>		
	Require applicable units to meet the BARCT NOx standards. Remove the rule exemption for units that have been derated to less than 50 horsepower.	2023	76 tpy NOx
358	Stationary Gas Turbines		
	Require applicable units to meet the BARCT NOx standards.	2023	45 tpy NOx
362	Miscellaneous Combustion Sources		
	Require applicable units (e.g. dryers, dehydrators, ovens, furnaces, and kilns) to meet the BARCT NOx standards.	2023	1 tpy NOx



## QUESTION BREAK

### POPULATION & DAILY VMT TRENDS (FIGURE 5-1)



Countywide VMT decreased by approximately 15% in 2020 due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

## CHAPTER 5: ON-ROAD TCMs

- SBCAG: Responsible for developing Transportation Control Measures (TCMs)
- TCMs are defined as:
  - "any strategy to reduce vehicle trips, vehicle use, vehicle miles traveled, vehicle idling, or traffic congestion for the purpose of reducing motor vehicle emissions."
    (CA HSC §40717.g)
- TCMs reduce emissions from on-road motor vehicles by:
  - improving the existing transportation system to allow motor vehicles to operate more efficiently;
  - inducing people to change their travel behavior to less polluting modes; or
  - ensuring emission control technology improvements are fully and expeditiously realized.



# CHAPTER 5: ON-ROAD TCMs

#### Adopted TCMs:

- T-1 Trip Reduction Ordinance
- T-2 Employer-Based Transportation Demand Management Programs
- T-3 Work Schedule Changes
- T-4 Area-wide Ridesharing Incentives
- T-5 Improve Commuter Public Transit Service
- T-6 High Occupancy Vehicle (HOV) Lanes
- T-7 Traffic Flow Improvements
- T-8 Parking Management
- T-9 Park-and-Ride Lots / Fringe Parking
- T-10 Bicycle and Pedestrian Programs

- T-13 Accelerated Retirement of Vehicles
- T-14 Activity Centers
- T-17 Telecommunications
- T-18 Alternative Fuels
- T-19 Public Education





### CHAPTER 5: PROJECT HIGHLIGHTS

тсм	TCM Name	Project Sponsor	Project Description	
T-6	High-Occupancy Vehicle Lanes	SBCAG, Caltrans	US 101 HOV Lanes: Carpinteria	
T-10	Bicycle and Pedestrian Programs	SBCAG, Caltrans,	Active Transportation Program	
		County and Cities		
T-14	Activity Centers	SBCAG, SBMTD,	Sustainable Community Strategy implementation	
		County and Cities		





## QUESTION BREAK

### CHAPTER 6: VOLUNTARY GRANT & INCENTIVE STRATEGIES

- Voluntary emission reductions from mobile sources of air pollution
- ~\$5,300,000 in state and local funds allocated for projects for our 2022 Clean Air Grants Program
- Grants funded with Carl Moyer, Community Air Protection (AB 617), FARMER, and DMV revenue
- Prioritize projects in Disadvantaged and Low-Income Communities and Zero-Emission Technologies

### 2022 Clean Air Grants



### CHAPTER 6: VOLUNTARY GRANT & INCENTIVE STRATEGIES

#### **Disadvantaged Communities**

- 1. Guadalupe census tract
- 2. Old Town Goleta census tract
- 3. SYV Band of Chumash Indians

#### Map Legend

#### Priority Populations CES4 2022

PriorityPopulationsCES4

Disadvantaged Communities

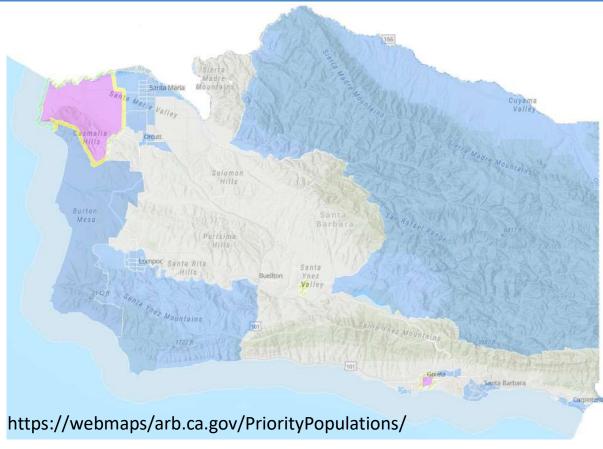
Disadvantaged and Low-income Communities

Low-income Communities

Low-income Communities within 1/2 mile of Disadvantaged Communities

Low-income Households within 1/2 mile of Disadvantaged Communities

\* Low-income households statewide are also considered a priority population for the purposes of California Climate Investments



## CHAPTER 6: VOLUNTARY GRANT & INCENTIVE STRATEGIES



### **Vessel Speed Reduction**





## QUESTION BREAK

# CHAPTER 7: ATTAINMENT STRATEGY

- Connect key points from previous chapters
- Summarize how the District plans to attain the state ozone standard
  - 1) Stationary Source Program
  - 2) Emission Inventory Tracking
  - 3) Land-use/CEQA Review
  - 4) Transportation Control Measures
  - 5) CARB Mobile Source Strategy
  - 6) Voluntary Grant & Incentive Strategies
  - 7) Prescribed Burn Program
  - 8) Public Awareness and Education



### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

 Recommend consideration of the 2022 Ozone Plan at the December APCD Board Hearing.

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