air pollution control district SANTA BARBARA COUNTY



Annual Air Monitoring Network Plan for Santa Barbara County Public Draft

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Aeron Arlin Genet, Air Pollution Control Officer

805.961.8800 | 260 N. San Antonio Rd., Ste. A | Santa Barbara, CA 93110 | ourair.org | @OurAirSBC

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Table of Contents

<u>Sectio</u>	<u>Page</u>
1.0	Introduction
1.1	Network Design
1.2	Stations5
1.3	Monitors
2.0	Monitoring Requirements 11
2.1	Ozone (O ₃) 11
2.2	Carbon Monoxide (CO) 12
2.3	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)
2.4	Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)
2.5	Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀) 14
2.6	Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5})
2.7	Lead (Pb)
2.8	Near Roadway NO ₂ , CO, and PM _{2.5} monitors
2.9	Recent or Proposed Modifications to the Network
2.10	Additional Monitors
3.0	Additional information on PM _{2.5} monitors
3.1	Comparison to annual PM _{2.5} NAAQS 19
3.2	Review of changes to PM _{2.5} network 19
4.0	Quality Assurance and Data Submittal 20
4.1	Annual performance evaluation
4.2	Data submittal
4.3	Annual certification
5.0	Detailed Site Information 21
Glossa	ry of AcronymsG - 1
Appen	dix A Regulatory Language of 40 CFG 58.10 A – 1
Appen	dix B Discontinuation of Santa Maria SLAMS on Broadway B - 1
Appen	dix B Public Notice Proof of Publication C - 1

List of Tables

<u>Table</u>		<u>Page</u>
1.1	Monitoring Network in Santa Barbara County	8
1.2	Relationship between Site Types and	
	Scales of Representativeness	9
1.3	Measured Parameters with Spatial Scale and	
	Monitoring Objective	10
2.1	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Ozone	12
2.2	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Carbon Monoxide	13
2.3	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Nitrogen Dioxide	13
2.4	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Sulfur Dioxide	14
2.5	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for PM ₁₀	15
2.6a	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for PM _{2.5} -total monitors	15
2.6b	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for PM _{2.5} -continous	15
2.7a	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Pb-NCore	16
2.7b	Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Pb-Source	17
2.8	Near-Roadway Monitoring Requirements	17
5.1	Carpinteria Monitoring Station Details	22
5.2	Goleta Monitoring Station Details	23
5.3	Las Flores Canyon #1 Monitoring Station Details	25
5.4	Las Flores Canyon Odor Monitoring Station Details	27
5.5	Lompoc HS&P Monitoring Station Details	28
5.6	Lompoc H Street Monitoring Station Details	29
5.7	Lompoc Odor Monitoring Station Details	31
5.8	Paradise Road Monitoring Station Details	32
5.9	Santa Barbara Monitoring Station Details	33
5.10	Santa Maria Monitoring Station Details	35
5.11	Santa Ynez Monitoring Station Details	37
5.12	UCSB West Campus Monitoring Station Details	38

List of Figures

<u>Figure</u>		Page
1.1	Map of Monitoring Network in Santa Barbara County	7

1.0 Introduction

This report describes the network of ambient air quality monitors in Santa Barbara County. This report was prepared to meet the requirements for an annual network plan as listed in Title 40, Part 58, Section 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR 58.10). The language of 40 CFR 58.10 is included in Appendix A of this report. The regulations require that this annual monitoring network plan be submitted to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) by July 1 of each year. The plan must be made available for public inspections for at least 30 days prior to submission to EPA. This draft plan is available for public review and comment from May 30 through June 29, 2021.

This review is used to determine if the State and Local Air Monitoring Station (SLAMS) network in Santa Barbara County meets the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) criteria for station siting based on the EPA monitoring objectives. This network review ensures that the data collected by the SLAMS air monitoring network in Santa Barbara County is representative and will satisfy the data needs of EPA, California Air Resources Board (CARB), and the Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District (the District).

This network plan includes SLAMS monitors which are federal reference methods (FRM), federal equivalent methods (FEM), or approved regional methods (ARM). Industrial and "other" monitors are also included in this plan. The Industrial and "other" monitors in Santa Barbara County consist of several stations operated by the District or private contractors. There are several major oil and gas developments in Santa Barbara County with permits for the production, processing and transportation of oil and gas. The Industrial stations are designed to measure regional air quality in addition to criteria pollutants from these oil and gas facilities; the "other" stations are designed to measure odorous compounds from these facilities. Operating permits for the oil and gas facilities require the industrial and "other" monitors are not utilized for comparison to national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS), are not counted in assessing minimum monitoring requirements, and are considered secondary monitors by EPA.

1.1 Network Design

The air monitoring network in Santa Barbara County consists of SLAMS and Industrial monitors operated by the District, California Air Resources Board (CARB) and private contractors. The monitoring network is designed to cover the diverse range of topography, meteorology, emissions, and air quality in Santa Barbara County, while adequately representing the population in the county.

Santa Barbara County has agreed to coordinate the air monitoring network design with CARB through the joint Primary Quality Assurance Organization (PQAO) Roles and

Responsibilities agreement between the two agencies. Item 5 of this agreement stipulates that both agencies will coordinate any changes to the network, assuring that requirements of the network design are met. Complete details of the Roles and Responsibilities can be obtained from the following link: <u>https://ww2.arb.ca.gov/our-work/programs/quality-assurance/qm-document-repository/quality-assurance-roles-responsibility</u>

This network review is used to determine whether the monitoring system meets the monitoring objectives defined in 40 CFR 58 Appendix D. The three basic monitoring objectives as described in Appendix D are:

- 1) Provide air pollution data to the general public in a timely manner;
- 2) Support compliance with ambient air quality standards and emissions strategy development; and,
- 3) Support for air pollution research studies.

1.2 Stations

In order to support the air quality management work indicated in the three basic air monitoring objectives, the network is designed with a variety of monitoring station types. There are six general types:

- 1) Highest concentrations expected to occur in the area;
- 2) Typical concentrations in areas of high population density;
- 3) Impact of significant sources on air quality;
- 4) General background concentration levels;
- 5) Regional pollutant transport among populated areas; and,
- 6) Air pollution impact on visibility, vegetation damage or other welfare-based impacts.

During 2018 and 2019, the District worked with CARB and EPA to modify the monitoring network to free up resources from redundant and non-essential monitors while maintaining one of the most extensive air monitoring networks in the state. In February 2019 the District received EPA approval to shut down some monitors, change some Industrial monitors approved for shutdown to non-NAAQS compliant (removing CARB and EPA oversight), and change the ozone (O₃) monitors at Paradise Road, Carpinteria, and Las Flores Canyon #1 from Industrial to SLAMS monitors. Additionally, the District agreed to develop a transition plan to take responsibility for the operation of the Santa

Barbara and Santa Maria SLAMS monitoring stations that were historically operated by CARB. The District took responsibility for the Santa Barbara station in January 2020. CARB shut down the Santa Maria site on February 28, 2021. The District is moving the Santa Maria site (due to the CARB site location not meeting siting criteria as noted in previous network reviews) with an expected start date for the new Santa Maria station of July 1, 2021. The new Santa Maria site is located at 3700 Orcutt Rd, Santa Maria 93455 (Lat/Long is 34.890667/-120.4328444 elevation 294 ft.) The other changes to the monitoring network were implemented in March 2019. This report details the network following implementation of these network modifications.

After the network modifications in March 2019, there are now 12 ambient air monitoring stations located in Santa Barbara County. Figure 1.1 shows the location of the stations on a map of Santa Barbara County. Table 1.1 lists the sites in Santa Barbara County after the network modification and identifies the station's EPA AQS identification code, type of station, and operator. These stations are operated for different objectives. The stations with SLAMS monitors are sited to measure the typical concentrations in areas of high population density and/or to monitor the impacts of regional pollution.

In the 1980's during a major expansion of oil and gas development in Santa Barbara County, stations were installed to comply with permit conditions for major sources to measure the impacts of these stationary sources and to measure regional air quality. These stations have been classified as Industrial. O₃ monitors at three of these stations (Carpinteria, Paradise Road, and Las Flores Canyon #1) have recorded the highest O₃ concentrations in the county, prompting the change to SLAMS noted above.

There are three stations in Santa Barbara County that measure odor impacts from permitted sources: Lompoc Odor, Las Flores Canyon Odor and West Campus. These odor monitoring stations operate to meet Santa Barbara County regulatory requirements and are not required for state or federal regulatory purposes. Information on these odor monitoring stations are provided in this report for informational purposes only. The Las Flores Canyon Odor station was temporarily shut down on June 18, 2018 due to the shutdown of the oil processing facility. This station will resume operation when the facility begins processing oil.

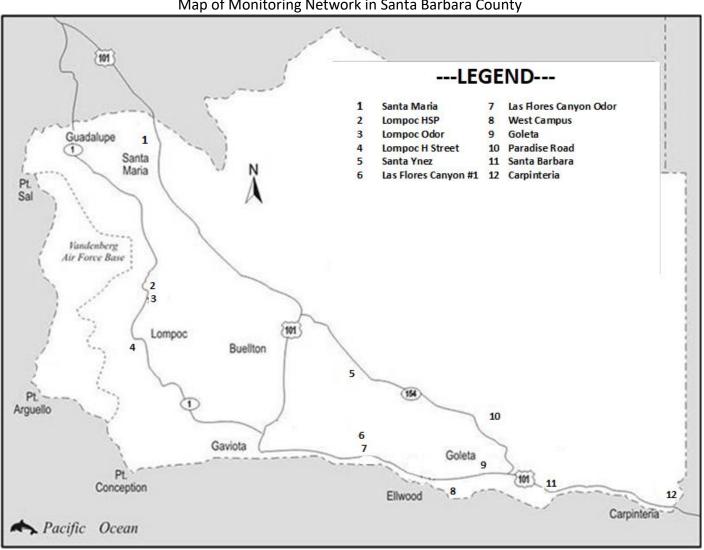


Figure 1.1 Map of Monitoring Network in Santa Barbara County

No.	Name	Site Code	Туре	Operator
1	Santa Maria	060831008	SLAMS	CARB/District ²
2	Lompoc HS&P (North)	060831013	Industrial	Contractor
3	Lompoc Odor	060831022	Industrial	Contractor
4	Lompoc H Street	060832004	SLAMS	District
5	Santa Ynez	060833001	SLAMS	District
6	Exxon LFC 1	060831025	Industrial/SLAMS ¹	District
7	LFC Odor	060831037	Industrial	District
8	West Campus	060831020	Industrial	Contractor
9	Goleta	060832011	SLAMS	District
10	Paradise Road	060831014	Industrial/SLAMS ¹	Contractor
11	Santa Barbara	060830011	SLAMS	District ²
12	Carpinteria	060831021	Industrial/SLAMS ¹	Contractor/District ³

Table 1.1 Monitoring Network in Santa Barbara County

¹ Ozone monitors at these locations are SLAMS; other monitors are Industrial.

² The District took responsibility for the Santa Barbara station January 2020 and is moving the Santa Maria station with an expected start date of July 1, 2021.

³The District took over operations of the Carpinteria site from a consultant beginning September 2020.

1.3 Monitors

Many of the stations in the monitoring network serve multiple purposes. They may be ideal for background concentration for one pollutant, while also measuring the impact of transport for another pollutant. To clarify the nature of the link between the general monitoring objectives, station types, and physical location of a monitor, the concept of spatial scale of representativeness is defined. The goal of locating monitors is to correctly match the spatial scale represented by the sample of monitored air with the spatial scale most appropriate for the monitoring station type, air pollutant to be measured, and the monitoring objective. The scales of representativeness of most interest for the monitoring station types are described as follows:

- Micro scale Defines the concentrations in air volumes associated with area dimensions ranging from several meters up to about 100 meters;
- 2) Middle scale Defines the concentration typical of areas up to several city blocks in size with dimensions ranging from about 100 meters to 0.5 kilometer;

- Neighborhood scale Defines concentrations within some extended area of the city that has relatively uniform land use with dimensions in the 0.5 to 4.0 kilometers range;
- 4) Urban scale Defines concentrations within an area of city like dimensions, on the order of 4 to 50 kilometers; and,
- 5) Regional scale Defines usually a rural area of reasonably homogeneous geography without large sources, and extends from tens to hundreds of kilometers.

Classification of the monitor by its type and spatial scale of representativeness aids in the interpretation of the monitoring data for a monitoring objective. Table 1.2 illustrates the relationship between the various station types that can be used to support the three basic monitoring objectives and the scales of representativeness that are generally most appropriate for that type of station.

Туре	Appropriate Siting Scales
Highest concentration	Micro, middle, neighborhood (sometimes
	urban or regional for secondarily formed
	pollutants)
Population oriented	Neighborhood, urban
Source Impact	Micro, middle, neighborhood
General/background and regional	Urban, regional
transport	
Welfare-related impacts	Urban, regional

Table 1.2
Relationship between Station Types and Scales of Representativeness

The stations and the monitors at each location in Santa Barbara County are listed in Table 1.3. The table includes the spatial scale and monitoring objective for each monitored pollutant.

Table 1.3 Measured Parameters with Spatial Scale and Monitoring Objective

Parameter	O ₃	NO ₂	SO ₂	СО	PM2.5	PM 10	THC	H₂S	TRS
AIRS Pollutant Code	44201	42602	42401	42101	88101	81102	43101	42402	43911
			42401	42101	88101	81102	43101	42402	43911
Carpinteria	RS/HC	RS/BL							
Goleta	US/PO				NS/PO	NS/PO			
Las Flores Cyn 1	RS/HC	NS/IM	NS/IM	NS/IM		NS/IM	NS/IM		
LFC Odor								NS/IM	
Lompoc H St.	NS/PO	NS/PO	NS/PO	NS/PO	NS/PO	NS/PO			
Lompoc HSP	RS/BL	NS/IM	NS/IM				NS/IM		
Lompoc Odor								NS/IM	NS/IM
Paradise Road	RS/HC	RS/BL							
Santa Barbara	US/PO				NS/HC	NS/HC			
Santa Maria	US/PO	US/PO		MS/HC	NS/PO	NS/PO			
Santa Ynez	US/PO								
West Campus			NS/IM				NS/IM	NS/IM	NS/IM

Note: Bold are SLAMS monitors, italic are Industrial or other (e.g., odor).

Spatial Scale:

- MI Microscale
- MS Middle Scale
- NS Neighborhood Scale
- US Urban Scale
- RS Regional Scale
- NG National and Global scale

Monitoring Objective:

- HC Highest concentration
- PO Population Oriented
- IM Source Impact
- BL Background Levels
- WR Welfare-related impacts
- Note: Las Flores Canyon #1 PM₁₀ monitor is classified as Neighborhood Scale due to the dominant source being the large nearby oil and gas facility.

2.0 Monitoring Requirements

EPA regulations specify the minimum number of locations at which state and local air agencies must deploy monitors. Santa Barbara County meets or exceeds EPA's minimum requirements. In practice, state and local agencies find they need to deploy more monitors than required by the law. The additional monitors are needed to fulfill state and local monitoring needs. Several monitors are required by operating permits issued to stationary emission sources. California ambient air quality standards are generally more stringent than national standards and require more monitors to demonstrate compliance with the state standards. Monitors are also used to keep the public informed of the air quality conditions where they live and work. Also, due to the complex topography and meteorology in Santa Barbara County, more monitors than the minimum required by EPA are needed to properly characterize the air quality in different areas of the county.

The requirements for numbers of monitors appear in Appendix D of Part 58 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). For O₃, PM_{2.5}, and PM₁₀, the required minimum number is based on the population of an area and the severity of the air quality for the pollutant in that area. For other pollutants, no monitoring is required unless an area exceeds or is close to exceeding a national ambient air quality standard. For purposes of the minimum requirements, the areas are defined by the Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) and Core-Based Statistical Areas (CBSAs) developed by the U.S. Census Bureau. Santa Barbara County is part of the Santa Maria – Santa Barbara MSA and CBSA. It covers the major cities in our county and has a population count of 446,499 based on the 2019 U.S. Census estimate.

All criteria pollutant monitors in Santa Barbara County are sited and operated to meet the requirements outlined in 40 CFR 58 Appendix A, B, C, D, and E where applicable.

2.1 Ozone (O₃)

Data from O_3 monitors in Santa Barbara County are utilized to inform the public on air quality through air quality index (AQI) reporting and air quality mapping. Additionally, the data from these sites are compared to the federal and state standards to assess whether Santa Barbara County is in attainment of those standards.

The minimum monitoring requirements for O_3 are listed in Table 2.1. Santa Barbara County has nine O_3 monitors, with eight of these being SLAMS monitors that meet EPA requirements. Santa Barbara County has a design value of 0.065 ppm for the federal O_3 standard, based on 2018 – 2020 data; this design value meets the federal 8-hour O_3 standard of 0.070 ppm. Santa Barbara County was recently re-designated as attainment for the state O_3 standard, effective July 1, 2020¹. There were four stations in Santa Barbara County that recorded concentrations of O_3 in excess of the federal and state 8hour O_3 standards in 2020. The highest 8-hour O_3 value recorded in Santa Barbara County in 2020 was 0.085 ppm measured at the Paradise Road monitoring station on August 19 and 21, 2020.

Table 2.1
Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Ozone

MSA	County	Pop. (year)	8-hour Design Value (years) ²	Design Value Site (name, AQS ID)	Min. # Sites Required	# Sites Active ¹	Sites Needed
Santa Barbara – Santa Maria, CA	Santa Barbara County	446,499 (2019)	.065 ppm 2018 - 20120	Carpinteria 060831021	2	7	0

¹ Only SLAMS monitors are counted towards meeting minimum monitoring requirements. Also, O₃ monitors that do not meet traffic count/distance requirements to be neighborhood or urban scale (40 CFR 58 Appendix E, Table E-1) are not counted towards minimum monitoring requirements. The Santa Maria O₃ monitor does not currently meet traffic count/distance requirements, see Section 2.9 and Table 5.12 for more details.

² DV Years = the three years over which the design value (DV) was calculated (e.g., 2018 - 2020). **Monitors required for State Implementation Plan (SIP) or Maintenance Plan:** Santa Barbara County has a maintenance plan for O_3 that requires any modification to the existing O_3 network to be approved by EPA.

2.2 Carbon Monoxide (CO)

There are no EPA minimum requirements for the number of CO monitoring sites for CBSAs with a population less than one million. For CBSAs with a population of one million or greater, near-roadway CO monitors are required. Continued operation of existing SLAMS CO stations is required until discontinuation is approved by the EPA. There are two SLAMS CO monitors located at Lompoc H Street and Santa Maria that are used to measure the impacts of high population exposure and are not near-roadway monitors. There is also a CO monitor located at Exxon Las Flores Canyon #1 that is required by air district operating permit conditions issued to the nearby stationary source. Table 2.2 lists the near-roadway monitoring requirements.

¹ For additional information see <u>ww2.arb.ca.gov/rulemaking/2019/2019-state-area-designations-regulation</u>.

Table 2.2
Near-Roadway Monitoring Requirements

Roadway Mo	onitors Monitors	Needed
9 (2019) 0	0	0
0	9 (2019) 0 Roadway Mc	

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

EPA Regional Administrator-required monitors per 40 CFR 58, App.D 4.2.2: None

2.3 Nitrogen Dioxide (NO2)

Ambient air monitoring and reporting requirements for NO₂ are based on EPA's 2010 rule. One "near-road" monitor is required in urban areas with a population greater than or equal to 500,000 people. A second monitor is required near another major road in areas with either a population greater than or equal to 2.5 million people or a road segment with an annual average daily traffic count greater than or equal to 250,000 vehicles. One community-wide monitor is required in urban areas with a population of greater than or equal to 1 million people. Santa Barbara does not meet any of these criteria, so no NO₂ monitors are required. However, continued operation of existing SLAMS NO₂ sites is required until discontinuation is approved by the EPA. There are two SLAMS NO₂ monitors located at Lompoc H Street and Santa Maria that are used to measure the impacts of population exposure. There are four other sites that measure NO₂: Carpinteria, Exxon Las Flores Canyon #1, Paradise Road, and Lompoc HS&P. These monitors are required by air district operating permit conditions for nearby stationary sources and are used to measure the impact of sources on regional O₃ formation. Table 2.3 lists the minimum monitoring requirements for NO₂.

CBSA/MS A	Pop. (year)	Max AADT	# Required Near Roadway	# Active Near Roadway	# Additional Near Roadway needed	# Required Area-wide	# Active Area- wide ¹	# Additional Area-wide needed
Santa Barbara Santa Maria, CA	446,499 (2019)	N/A (below pop. Threshold)	0	0	0	0	1	0

Table 2.3 Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Nitrogen Dioxide

¹ Only SLAMS sites are counted for minimum monitoring requirements. Also, NO₂ monitors that do not meet traffic count/distance requirements to be neighborhood or urban scale (40 CFR 58 Appendix E, Table E-1) are not counted towards minimum monitoring requirements. The Santa Maria NO₂ monitor does not currently meet traffic count/distance requirements, see Section 2.9 and Table 5.12 for more details.

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

Monitors required for PAMS: None

EPA Regional Administrator-required monitors per 40 CFR 58, App. D 4.3.4: None

2.4 Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂)

Ambient air monitoring and reporting requirements for SO₂ are based on EPA's June 2, 2010 rule, where EPA strengthened the primary NAAQS for SO₂. Monitors are required based on CBSAs, using a population-weighted emissions index for the area. Three monitors are required in CBSAs with index values of 1,000,000 or more. Two monitors are required in CBSAs with index values less than 1,000,000 but greater than 100,000. One monitor is required in CBSAs with index values greater than 5,000. Continued operation of existing SLAMS SO₂ sites is required until discontinuation is approved by the EPA. There is one SLAMS SO₂ monitor at Lompoc H Street that is used to measure the impacts of population exposure. There are three other sites that measure SO₂: Exxon Las Flores Canyon #1, UCSB West Campus, and Lompoc HS&P. These monitors are required by air district operating permit conditions for nearby sources and are used to measure the impact of sources on the surrounding air quality. Table 2.4 lists the minimum monitoring requirements for SO₂.

Table 2.4
Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Sulfur Dioxide

CBSA/MSA	County	Pop. (year)	Total SO2 ¹ (Ton/yr)	Population Weighted Emissions Index ²	Data Requirements Rule Source(s) using Monitoring	# Required Monitors	# Active Monitors ³	# Additional Monitors Required
Santa Barbara Santa Maria, CA	Santa Barbara	446,499 (2019)	1149.4	513.2	N/A below emissions threshold	0	1	0

¹ Using NEI data (2017).

² Calculated by multiplying CBSA population and total SO₂ and dividing product by one million.

³ Only SLAMS sites are counted for minimum monitoring requirement.

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

EPA Regional Administrator-required monitors per 40 CFR 58, App. D 4.4.3: None

2.5 Particulate Matter (PM₁₀)

The minimum monitoring requirements for PM₁₀ are listed in Table 2.5.

There are four SLAMS PM₁₀ monitors located at Santa Barbara, Goleta, Lompoc H Street, and Santa Maria. There is one industrial station that measures PM₁₀: Exxon Las Flores Canyon #1. The Las Flores Canyon monitor is required by air district operating permit conditions for the nearby stationary source and is used to measure the impact on the surrounding air quality.

Table 2.5 Minimum Monitoring Requirements for PM₁₀

MSA	County	Pop. (year)	Max 24 Hour Concentration (ug/m3)	2019 Max Concentration Site (name, AQS ID)	# Required Sites	# Active Sites ¹	# Additional SitesNeeded
Santa Barbara – Santa Maria, CA	Santa Barbara County	446,499 (2019)	112 (9/14/20)	Santa Maria 060831008	1-2	4	0

¹ Only SLAMS sites are counted for minimum monitoring requirement.

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

2.6 Particulate Matter (PM2.5)

The minimum monitoring requirements for PM_{2.5} are listed in Tables 2.6a and 2.6b. There are four SLAMS PM_{2.5} monitors located at Santa Barbara, Santa Maria, Goleta, and Lompoc H Street. 2018-2020. The annual design value calculations for these sites are listed in Tables 2.6a and 2.6b.

PM_{2.5} colocation requirements are based on the primary quality assurance organization (PQAO) network. Santa Barbara County is part of the CARB PQAO. See the CARB annual network plan for details on meeting the PM_{2.5} colocation requirements.

MSA	County	Рор.	Annual	Annual	Daily	Daily	#	# Active	# Additional
		(year)	Design	Design	Design	Design	Required	SLAMS	SLAMS Sites
			Value	Value	Value	Value Site	SLAMS	Sites ²	Needed
			(years ¹)	Site	(years)	(name,	Sites		
				(name,		AQS ID)			
				AQS ID)					
Santa	Santa	446,499	8.2	Santa	23 ug/m3	Lompoc H	0	4	0
Barbara –	Barbara	(2019)	ug/m3	Barbara	2018 -	06-083-			
Santa	County		2018 -	06-083-	2020	2004			
Maria, Ca			2020	0011					

Table 2.6a Minimum Monitoring Requirements for PM_{2.5} Monitors

¹ DV Years = the three years over which the design value (DV) was calculated (e.g., 2018-2020).

² Only SLAMS sites are counted for minimum monitoring requirement.

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

Table 2.6b Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Continuous PM_{2.5} Monitors

[MSA	County	Рор.	Annual	Annual	Daily	Daily	# Required	# Active	#
			(year)	Design	Design	Design	Design	Cont.	Cont.	Addition
				Value	Value Site	Value	Value Site	Monitors	Monitors ³	al Cont.
				(years ¹)	(name,	(years)	(name,			Monitor
					AQS ID)		AQS ID)			S ²
										Needed

Santa	Santa	446,499	8.2	Santa	23 ug/m3	Lompoc H	0	4	0
Barbara –	Barbara	(2019)	ug/m3	Barbara	2018 -	06-083-			
Santa	County		2018 -	06-083-	2020	2004			
Maria, Ca			202020	0011					
			18 -						
			2020						

¹ DV Years = the three years over which the design value (DV) was calculated (e.g., 2018-2020).

² Only count one continuous monitor per site.

³ Only SLAMS sites are counted for minimum monitoring requirement. Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

2.7 Lead (Pb)

The monitoring requirements for lead (Pb) are based on EPA's 2008 rule. The level of the primary standard is set at $0.15 \ \mu g/m^3$ measured as total suspended particles (TSP). The secondary standard is identical to the primary standard. Source-oriented monitors are required in areas with airport sources that emit one ton or more per year of lead or non-airport sources that emit one-half ton per year of lead. Additionally, non-source lead monitoring is required at NCore sites in a CBSA with a population greater than 500,000. The population of Santa Barbara County is below the 500,000 threshold and there are no NCore sites required in Santa Barbara County; therefore, non-source lead monitors are not required. The highest emission inventory of lead in Santa Barbara County is for the Santa Barbara Municipal airport with 0.23 tons per year (2017 NEI). Since this is below the threshold, no source-oriented lead monitors are required. Tables 2.7a and 2.7b show the minimum monitoring requirements for lead at NCore and source-oriented sites.

Table 2.7a
Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Pb at NCore sites

CBSA/MSA	Pop. (year)	# Required Near	# Active Near Road	# Additional	
		Road Monitors	Monitors	Monitors Needed	
Santa Barbara – Santa	446,499 (2019)	0	0	0	
Maria, Ca					

Table 2.7b
Minimum Monitoring Requirements for Source-Oriented Pb Monitoring

Source	Address	Pb	Emissions	Max	Design	# Required	# Active	#
Name		Emissions	Source (year)	Design Value	Value Date	Monitors	Monitors	Additional Monitors Needed
Santa Barbara Municipal Airport	601 Firestone Rd. Santa Barbara, CA	0.23 ton/yr	National Emissions Inventory	N/A	N/A	0	0	0

Monitors required for SIP or Maintenance Plan: None

EPA Regional Administrator-required monitors per 40 CFR 58, App. D 4.5(c): None

2.8 Near-Roadway NO₂, CO, and PM_{2.5} Monitors

40 CFR 58 Appendix D requires near-roadway NO₂, CO, and PM_{2.5} monitors for CBSAs with populations greater than 1,000,000. The Santa Maria – Santa Barbara MSA/CBSA has a population of 446,499 (2019 census estimate), so no NO₂, CO, or PM_{2.5} near-roadway monitors are required. Table 2.8 lists the near-roadway monitoring requirements in Santa Barbara County. No near-roadway monitors are required.

CBSA	Population	Max AADT	#	#	#	#	#	#	#
	& Census	counts	Required	Active	Required	Active	Required	Active	Additional
	year	(year)	NO2 Mon.	NO ₂	PM _{2.5}	PM _{2.5}	СО	CO	Monitors
				Mon.	Mon.	Mon.	Mon.	Mon.	Needed
Santa	446,499	N/A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Barbara-	(2019)	Below Pop.							
Goleta-		Threshold							
Santa									
Maria									

Table 2.8 Near-Roadway Monitor Requirements

2.9 Recent or Proposed Modifications to the Network

The District has added a special purpose/non-regulatory PM_{10} monitor at the Santa Ynez Monitoring Station to collect one year of data to study levels of particulate pollution in the area. In August 2020, the District converted this monitor to collect $PM_{2.5}$ data for an additional year for continued study of the particulate pollution in the area. The PM data from this study are not being submitted to AQS.

In January 2020 the District took responsibility for the operation of the Santa Barbara site from CARB. The station is continuing with the same monitors and in the same location so there are not changes to the site and monitor AQS codes.

Beginning in September 2020 the District took responsibility for the operation of the Carpinteria site from a contractor. The O_3 monitor continues to be operated as a SLAMS monitor while the NO₂ monitor will continue to be collected as a non-NAAQS industrial monitor.

As was noted in the District's 2020 Annual Network Plan, the CARB location of the Santa Maria O_3 and NO_2 monitors do not meet the siting requirements for distance to roadway/traffic counts for neighborhood or larger spatial scale monitors. As such, it was not included in the calculations of number of O_3 and NO_2 monitors in Tables 2-1 and 2-3. The District has agreed to take full responsibility for this monitoring station from CARB and is moving the station to a new location will meet the siting criteria. CARB shut down the original Santa Maria station on February 28, 2021 and the District expects operation in a new location to begin on July 1, 2021. EPA gave approval to shut down the NO₂ and CO monitors at the Santa Maria station. A copy of the letter is included in Appendix B. The new station will continue monitoring O_3 , PM_{10} , and $PM_{2.5}$ as SLAMS monitors. Per California Assembly Bill 1647, the District is required to install and operate a refinery-related community air monitoring system downwind of the Santa Maria Asphalt Refinery. The new Santa Maria station will also function as the community air monitoring station and monitor H₂S, SO₂, and BTEX pollutants. The new Santa Maria site location is 3700 Orcutt Rd, Santa Maria 93455 (Lat/Long is 34.890667/-120.4328444 elevation 294 ft.).

2.10 Additional Monitors

Santa Barbara County operates some monitors that are not required by 40 CFR 58.10. These stations and monitors are included in the network review for reference only and are not used to demonstrate compliance with any requirements even though they are operated under the same quality assurance/control guidelines as the FRM monitors. These additional monitors are also listed in Table 2.10.

There are three stations that are set up near oil and gas processing facilities to monitor for two odorous compounds: Hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) and total reduced sulfur (TRS). These monitors are located at the following stations: Lompoc Odor, Las Flores Canyon Odor (temporarily shut down for 2019), and UCSB West Campus.

Total Hydrocarbon monitors (THC) are also located at some of the industrial monitoring stations located near oil and gas processing facilities. These sites are Exxon Las Flores Canyon #1, Lompoc HS&P, and West Campus.

All the monitoring stations listed in this report also measure wind speed, wind direction, and ambient temperature. These data are used for modeling and tracking purposes, and also help the public to understand the nature and origin of real-time air pollution measurements.

3.0 Additional information on PM_{2.5} monitors

This section includes information for elements required to be in the annual network plan that relate specifically to PM_{2.5}. One required element relates to whether data for a PM_{2.5} monitor can be used to determine compliance with the national annual PM_{2.5} air quality standard. This is termed as the suitability for comparison to the annual standard. The other element requires information regarding the review process followed by air agencies when changes are made to the location of a PM_{2.5} monitor that is violating a PM_{2.5} NAAQS.

3.1 Comparison to Annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS

Only data from a PM_{2.5} FRM or FEM can be used in regulatory determinations of compliance with the annual PM_{2.5} NAAQS, and the monitor must be located at a neighborhood scale. For a PM_{2.5} monitor to be representative at a neighborhood scale, the concentration values measured by the monitor should be representative of concentrations expected over an area with dimensions of a few kilometers. Therefore, the monitor should not be located too close to a hot spot of PM_{2.5} concentrations that extends over distances of less than a few hundred meters. The PM_{2.5} FRM and FEM monitors in Santa Barbara County are sited to be representative of a neighborhood scale and meet this suitability requirement.

3.2 Review of Changes to PM_{2.5} network

As required by regulation, prior to any changes to the PM_{2.5} network being made, a formal request is drafted outlining the reason for the change, when the change will occur, and any other relevant information about the proposed changes. The proposal (either as part of an annual network review or between reviews) will be posted on the District website for a 30-day public comment period. Following the comment period, the District will forward the request with comments and District responses to EPA for consideration. Only after EPA has granted approval of the proposed change, will the District make the changes to the PM_{2.5} monitoring network.

4.0 Quality Assurance and Data Submittal

All data collected from the monitors in the Santa Barbara County network are reviewed for quality assurance by the District. One exception is the Santa Maria monitoring station, which is currently reviewed and processed by CARB. All SLAMS and industrial monitors meet the requirements of 40 CFR 58.

4.1 Annual Performance Evaluation

Annual performance evaluations challenge the monitors with known concentrations of audit gases to evaluate the accuracy of the monitors. The SLAMS sites in Santa Barbara County are audited on an annual basis by CARB. The industrial and other stations (e.g., odor monitoring stations) operated by the District and contractors are evaluated by an independent contractor who audits the monitors on a quarterly basis.

4.2 Data Submittal

Digital records of the data, including precision and accuracy data, are submitted to EPA by uploading the records to their air quality system (AQS) database. These records are submitted within 90 days following the end of each quarterly reporting period.

4.3 Annual Certification

The SLAMS data are certified for their accuracy and completeness on an annual basis and a certification letter is required to be submitted to the regional EPA administrator by May 1 of each year. The data for calendar year 2020 was certified by letter submitted to the regional EPA administrator on April 30, 2021.

5.0 Detailed Site Information

The tables in this section give detailed information relating to the sites and monitors. They are presented to show compliance with the monitoring requirements found in 40 CFR 58.10. Please note the following in relation to the detailed site information tables:

- 1. All glass used for inlet/manifold is borosilicate or equivalent.
- 2. There are no collocated monitors at the SLAMS or industrial stations in Santa Barbara County, therefore information in detailed station information tables do not include fields relating to collocated monitors.
- 3. All collocation requirements are being met by CARB, see the CARB Annual Network Plan for details.
- 4. All sample probes, including low-volume PM samplers, are separated horizontally from other station probes by at least one meter.
- 5. "Distance to Trees" entries represent the distance from the probe to the tree dripline.
- 6. CARB gaseous performance audits in 2020 only included ozone due to COVID restrictions.

	Carpinteria Monitoring	Station Details							
Site Name	Carpinteria								
AQS ID	060831021								
GIS coordinates	34.403047-119.45795								
Location	Located in a rural setting NE								
Address	Gobernador Road, Carpinteria, CA 93013								
County		Santa Barbara County							
Dist. To road	Gobernador Canyon Road, 11								
Traffic count (AADT,	Gobernador Canyon Road - 5	0 est.							
year)									
Groundcover	Grass								
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barbara – Santa I	Maria, CA)	-						
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ ,1	NO2,1							
Monitor Type	SLAMS ¹	Industrial Non-NAAQS ¹							
Network Affiliation	NA	NA							
Parameter Code	44201	42602							
Monitoring Objective	NAAQS	Public							
Site type(s)	Highest conc.	Gen. background							
Mfg/Model	TAPI 400e	TEI 42C							
Method Code	087	074							
FRM/FEM or other	FEM	FRM							
Collecting Agency	Santa Barbara County ²	Santa Barbara County ²							
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara County	Santa Barbara County	-						
Spatial Scale	Regional	Regional							
Start date	1/1/86	1/1/86							
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous							
Sampling season	All Year	All Year							
Probe height	4.3 m	4.3 m							
Distance from	1.5 m	1.5 m							
supporting structure									
Distance from	None	None							
obstructions on roof									
Distance from	13m/3m-tree	13m/3m-tree							
obstructions not on roof									
Distance from trees	13m	13m							
Distance to furnace or	None	None							
incinerator			4						
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°	4						
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	4						
Residence time	13.6 s	13.9 s	4						
Will there be changes in	No	No							
next 18 months?			4						
Frequency of one-point	Daily	Daily							
QC check (gaseous)			4						
Last annual performance	8/27/2020	6/25/20 - contractor							
evaluation (gaseous)									

Table 5.1 **Carpinteria Monitoring Station Details**

¹Ozone changed from Industrial to SLAMS and NO₂ changed to Non-NAAQS on February 26, 2019. ²The District took responsibility for the operation of the Carpinteria site from a contractor beginning September 2020

Table 5.2 Goleta Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Goleta								
AQS ID	060832011								
GIS coordinates	34.4455 -119.828333								
Location	In field behind Lutheran Ch	urch							
Address	380 N. Fairview Ave., Golet	a, CA							
County	Santa Barbara County	,							
Dist. to road	Berkley Road, 60 meters; F	airview Ave, 200 meters; Alli	i Way 100 meters						
Traffic count (AADT,	Fairview - 12546 (2003); Be	erkley Rd - 3480 (2003); Ali V	Vay - 25 est.						
year)									
Groundcover	Grass								
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barbara – Sant	a Maria, CA)							
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ ,1	PM10,1	PM2.5,1						
Monitor Type	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS						
Network Affiliation	NA	NA	NA						
Parameter Code	44201	81102	88101						
Monitoring Objective	NAAQS,	NAAQS,	NAAQS, public Info						
-	Public Info	Public Info							
Site type(s)	Population	Population	Population						
MFG/ Model	TAPI 400e	BAM 1020	BAM 1020						
Method Code	087	122	170						
FRM/FEM or other	FEM	FEM FEM FEM							
Collecting Agency	Santa Barbara County	Santa Barbara County Santa Barbara County Santa Barbara Co							
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara County Santa Barbara County Santa Barbara Cou								
Spatial Scale	Urban								
Start date	1/1/1980	1/1/10	1/1/10						
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous						
Sampling season	All Year	All Year	All Year						
Probe height	4.1 m	4.5 m	4.5 m						
Distance from	1.6 m	2.0 m	2.0 m						
supporting structure									
Distance from	None	None	None						
obstructions on roof									
Distance from	None	None	None						
obstructions not on roof									
Distance from trees	None	None	None						
Distance to furnace or	None	None	None						
incinerator									
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°	360°						
For low volume PM	NA	No	No						
instruments, is any PM									
instrument within 1 m of									
the lo-vol? If yes, please									
list distance (meters)									
and instrument(s).									
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	N/A	N/A						
Residence time	16.1 s	N/A	N/A						

Will there be changes in	No	No	No
next 18 months?			
Frequency of one-point	Daily	N/A	N/A
QC check (gaseous)			
Frequency of flow rate	N/A	Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly
verification for			
automated PM analyzers			
Last annual performance	8/25/2020	N/A	N/a
evaluation (gaseous)			
Last two semi-annual		8/25/2020 ¹	8/25/2020 ¹
flow rate audits for PM			
monitors			
Is it suitable for	N/A	N/A	Yes
comparison against the			
annual PM _{2.5} ?			

¹Only one flow audit conducted by CARB due to Covid travel restrictions.

Table 5.3

Las Flores Canyon #1 Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Las Flores Canyon #1							
AQS ID	060831025							
GIS coordinates	34.48975 -120	34.48975 -120.046917						
Location	North end of o	North end of canyon behind an oil and gas facility						
Address		Hwy 101, El Capitar	n, CA					
County	Santa Barbara							
Dist. to road	HWY 101, 286							
Traffic count (AADT, year)	Hwy 101 - 30,	200 (2013)						
Groundcover	Grass and dirt							
Representative area	MSA (Santa Ba	arbara – Santa Mar	ia, CA)					
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ ,1	NO2,1	SO ₂ ,1	CO,1	PM10,3			
Monitor Type	SLAMS ¹	Industrial Non- NAAQS ¹	Industrial Non- NAAQS ¹	Industrial Non- NAAQS ¹	Industrial Non- NAAQS ¹			
Network Affiliation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
Parameter Code	44201	42602	42401	42101	81102			
Monitoring	NAAQS,	Public	Public	Public	Public			
Objective	public							
Site type(s)	Max O₃	Source	Source	Source	Source			
	conc.							
MFG/ Model	TAPI 400e	TEI42i	TEI 43i	TEI 48i	BAM 1020			
Method Code	087	074	060	054	122			
FRM/FEM or other	FEM	FRM	FEM	FRM	FEM			
Collecting Agency	Santa	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara			
	Barbara	County	County	County	County			
Poporting Agonov	County Santa	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara			
Reporting Agency	Barbara	County	County	County	County			
	County	county	county	county	county			
Spatial Scale	Regional	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood ²			
Start date	4/1/88	4/1/88	4/1/88	4/1/88	4/1/88			
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous			
Sampling season	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year			
Probe height	3.5 m	3.5 m	3.5 m	3.5 m	4.6 m			
Distance from	1.2 m	1.2 m	1.2 m	1.2 m	2.1 m			
supporting structure								
Distance from	None	None	None	None	None			
obstructions on roof								
Distance from	None	None	None	None	None			
obstructions not on								
roof								
Distance from trees	None	None	None	None	None			
Distance to furnace or incinerator	None	None	None	None	None			
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°	360°	360°	360°			

For low volume PM instruments, is any PM instrument within 1 m of the lo- vol? If yes, please list distance (meters) and instrument(s).	NA	NA	NA	NA	No
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	N/A
Residence time	7.3 s	9.5 s	9.4 s	7.4 s	N/A
Will there be changes in next 18 months?	No	No	No	No	No
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM samplers	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bi-Weekly
Frequency of one- point QC check (gaseous)	Daily	Daily	Daily	Daily	N/A
Last annual performance evaluation (gaseous)	Not performed by CARB ³				N/A
Last two semi- annual flow rate audits for PM monitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not performed ⁴

¹ Ozone changed from Industrial to SLAMS and NO₂, SO₂, CO, and PM₁₀ changed to Non-NAAQS on February 26, 2019.

² Las Flores Canyon #1 PM₁₀ monitor is classified as Neighborhood Scale due to the dominant source being the nearby oil and gas facility.

³ Performance audit not conducted by CARB due to Covid travel restrictions.

⁴No flow audits conducted due to Covid travel restrictions.

Table 5.4

Las Flores Canyon Odor Monitoring Station Details

	(Temporarily Sł	nut Down)						
Site Name	Las Flores Canyon Odor							
AQS ID	060831037							
GIS coordinates	34.464528 -120.044972							
Location	Located in a parking lot at I	ocated in a parking lot at the entrance to Las Flores Canyon						
Address	Calle Real US Hwy 101, El C	Calle Real US Hwy 101, El Capitan, CA						
County	Santa Barbara County							
Dist. to road	HWY 101,75 meters; Calle	Real, 44 mete	rs;					
Traffic count (AADT,	Hwy 101 - 30,200 (2013)							
year)								
Groundcover	Gravel							
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barbara – Sant	a Maria, CA)						
Pollutant, POC	H ₂ S,1							
Monitor Type	Other							
Network Affiliation	NA							
Parameter Code	42402							
Monitoring Objective	Public							
Site type(s)	Source							
MFG/ Model	API 101e							
Method Code	020							
FRM/FEM or other	N/A							
Collecting Agency	Santa Barbara County							
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara County							
Spatial Scale	Neighborhood							
Start date	2/1/88							
Operation schedule	Continuous							
Sampling season	All Year							
Probe height	3.5							
Distance from	1.1							
supporting structure								
Distance from	None							
obstructions on roof								
Distance from	None							
obstructions not on roof								
Distance from trees	None							
Distance to furnace or	None							
incinerator								
Unrestricted airflow	360°							
Probe material	Glass & Teflon							
Residence time	12.3 s							
Will there be changes in	No							
next 18 months?								
Frequency of one-point	Bi-Weekly or more often							
QC check (gaseous)								
Last annual performance	Did Not Operate							
evaluation (gaseous)								

Table 5.5
Lompoc HS&P Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Lompoc HS&P							
AQS ID	060831013							
GIS coordinates	34.725331 -120.42	8689						
Location	Located North of L	ompoc near an oil p	rocessing facility					
Address		Rd, Lompoc, CA 934						
County	Santa Barbara Cou	nty						
Dist. to road	Harris Grade Road	,700 meters						
Traffic count (AADT, year)	Harris Grade Road	Harris Grade Road - 100 est.						
Groundcover	Dirt	Dirt						
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barbar	ra – Santa Maria, CA	.)					
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ ,1	NO2,1	SO2,1	THC,1				
Monitor Type	Industrial Non-	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial				
	NAAQS ¹	Non-NAAQS ¹	Non-NAAQS ¹	Non-NAAQS ²				
Network Affiliation	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Parameter Code	44201	42602	42401	43101				
Monitoring Objective	Public	Public	Public	Public				
Site type(s)	General	Source	Source	Source				
	Background							
MFG/ Model	TEI 49i	TEI 42c	TEI 43i	TEI 51 Clt				
Method Code	047	074	060	011				
FRM/FEM or other	FEM FRM FEM N/A							
Collecting Agency	Consultant Consultant Consultant Consultant							
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara Santa Barbara Santa Barbara Santa Barbara							
	County	County	County	County				
Spatial Scale	Regional	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood				
Start date	1/1/86	1/1/86	1/1/86	1/1/86				
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous				
Sampling season	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year				
Probe height	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9				
Distance from supporting structure	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7				
Distance from obstructions on roof	None	None	None	None				
Distance from obstructions not on roof	None	None	None	None				
Distance from trees	None	None	None	None				
Distance to furnace or	None	None	None	None				
incinerator								
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°	360°	360°				
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon				
Residence time	11.7 s	12.5 s	14.3 s	13.8 s				
Will there be changes in next 18 months?	No	No	No	No				
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Bi-weekly	Bi-weekly	Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly				

Last annual performance	12/15/20	12/15/20	12/15/20	12/15/20	
evaluation (gaseous)					

¹ O₃, NO₂, SO₂, and CO changed to Non-NAAQS on February 26, 2019. ² THC is not a criteria pollutant.

Table 5.6

Lompoc H Street Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Lompoc H Stree	t					
AQS ID	060832004						
GIS coordinates	34.637833 -120.4575						
Location	Parking lot behind gas company						
Address	128 S. H Street,	Lompoc CA 9343	36				
County	Santa Barbara C	ounty					
Dist. to road	H Street, 28 me	ters; E. Cyprus, 5	7 meters; Ocean A	ve, 120 meters;	Alley,13 meters		
Traffic count (AADT,	Ocean Ave (Hwy	/ 246) - 11200 (20	013); H Street 129	00 (2010); Cypru	s - 500 est.; Alley	[,] - 20 est.	
year)							
Groundcover	Asphalt						
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barl	bara – Santa Mar	ia, CA)				
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ ,1	NO ₂ ,1	SO ₂ ,1	CO,1	PM ₁₀ ,2	PM _{2.5} ,1	
Monitor Type	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	
Network Affiliation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Parameter Code	44201	42602	42401	42101	81102	88101	
Monitoring Objective	NAAQS, Public	NAAQS,	NAAQS, Public	NAAQS,	NAAQS,	NAAQS, public	
		Public		Public	Public		
Site type(s)	Population	Population	Population	Population	Population	Population	
MFG/ Model	TAPI 400e	TEI 42i	TEI 43i	TEI 48i	BAM 1020	BAM 1020	
Method Code	087	074	060	054	122	170	
FRM/FEM or other	FEM	FRM	FEM	FRM	FEM	FEM	
Collecting Agency	Santa Barbara	Santa	Santa Barbara	Santa	Santa	Santa Barbara	
	County	Barbara	County	Barbara	Barbara	County	
		County		County	County		
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara	Santa	Santa Barbara	Santa	Santa	Santa Barbara	
	County	Barbara	County	Barbara	Barbara	County	
		County		County	County		
Spatial Scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	
Start date	1/1/84	5/1/91	1/1/84	1/1/84	8/1/09	9/1/08	
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	
Sampling season	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year	
Probe height	4.4 m	4.4 m	4.4 m	4.4 m	5.3 m	5.3 m	
Distance from	1.0 m	1.0 m	1.0 m	1.0 m	1.9 m	1.9 m	
supporting structure							
Distance from	None	None	None	None	None	None	
obstructions on roof							
Distance from	15m/1m-	15m/1m-	15m/1m-	15m/1m-	15m/1m-	15m/1m-	
obstructions not on	building	building	building	building	building	building	
roof/Obs. Height above	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	
inlet							
Distance from trees	16m	16m	16m	16m	16m	16m	

Distance to furnace or	None	None	None	None	None	None
incinerator						
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°	360°	360°	360°	360°
For low volume PM	NA	NA	NA	NA	No	No
instruments, is any PM						
instrument within 1 m of						
the lo-vol? If yes, please						
list distance (meters)						
and instrument(s).						
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	Glass &	Glass & Teflon	Glass &	N/A	N/A
		Teflon		Teflon		
Residence time	8.6 s	10.1 s	10.3 s	14.1 s	N/A	N/A
Will there be changes in next 18 months?	No	No	No	No	No	No
Is it suitable for	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	No
comparison against the annual PM2.5?						
	N1 / A	N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	NI / A	NI / A
Frequency of flow rate verification for manual	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
PM samplers	N1 / A		N1/A	N1/A	D: 14/	D: 14/ 11
Frequency of flow rate verification for	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly
automated PM analyzers	Deile	Deile	Deile	Deile	NI / A	NI / A
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Daily	Daily	Daily	Daily	N/A	N/A
Last annual performance	8/26/2020	Not	Not performed	Not	N/A	N/A
evaluation (gaseous)		performed by CARB	by CARB4	performed by CARB4		
Last two semi-annual	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	10/29/20208	10/29/20208
flow rate audits for PM				-	/26/2020 ¹	26/2020 ¹
monitors						
Is it suitable for	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes
comparison against the					-	
annual PM _{2.5} ?						

¹ Semi-annual flow rate audits were not 5 – 7 months apart due to Covid travel scheduling.

Table 5.7
Lompoc Odor Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Lompoc Odor							
AQS ID	060831022	060831022						
GIS coordinates	34.718992 -120.432761							
Location	Located near an oil processin	g facility						
Address	2988 Harris Grade Rd, Lompoc, CA 93436							
County	Santa Barbara County							
Dist. to road	Harris Grade Rd., 100 meters							
Traffic count (AADT,	Harris Grade Road - 100 est							
year)								
Groundcover	Dirt							
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barbara – Santa	Maria, CA)						
Pollutant, POC	H ₂ S,1	TRS,1						
Monitor Type	Other	Other						
Network Affiliation	NA	NA						
Parameter Code	42402	43911						
Monitoring Objective	Public	Public						
Site type(s)	Source	Source						
MFG/ Model	TEI 45C	TEI 43i						
Method Code	020	020						
FRM/FEM or other	N/A	N/A N/A						
Collecting Agency	Consultant							
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara County							
Spatial Scale	Neighborhood Neighborhood							
Start date	2/1/88	2/1/88						
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous						
Sampling season	All Year	All Year						
Probe height	4.8	4.8						
Distance from	2.0	2.0						
supporting structure								
Distance from	None	None						
obstructions on roof								
Distance from	None	None						
obstructions not on roof								
Distance from trees	None	None						
Distance to furnace or	None	None						
incinerator								
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°						
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon						
Residence time	18.7 s	18.7 s						
Will there be changes in	No	No						
next 18 months?								
Frequency of one-point	Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly						
QC check (gaseous)								
Last annual performance	12/18/20	12/18/20						
evaluation (gaseous)								

Table 5.8
Paradise Road Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Paradise Road				
AQS ID	060831014				
GIS coordinates	34.54170 -119.79152				
Location	Located in Los Padres Nat	Located in Los Padres National Forest off of Paradise Rd			
Address	Paradise Road, Los Padres	National Forrest CA 93105			
County	Santa Barbara County				
Dist. to road	Paradise Rd.,100 meters				
Traffic count (AADT, year)	Paradise Rd - 100 est.				
Groundcover	Trees and brush				
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barbara – San	ta Maria, CA)			
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ ,1	NO2,1			
Monitor Type	SLAMS ¹	Industrial Non-NAAQS ¹			
Network Affiliation	NA	NA			
Parameter Code	44201	42602			
Monitoring Objective	NAAQS, Public	Public			
Site type(s)	Max O ₃ Conc.	Background			
MFG/ Model	TEI 49i	TEI 42i			
Method Code	047	074			
FRM/FEM or other	FEM	FRM			
Collecting Agency	Consultant	Consultant			
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara County	Santa Barbara County			
Spatial Scale	Regional	Regional			
Start date	1/1/86	1/1/86			
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous			
Sampling season	All Year	All Year			
Probe height	5.2 m	5.2 m			
Distance from supporting	2.2 m	2.2 m			
structure					
Distance from obstructions on roof	None	None			
Distance from obstructions not on roof	20m/2m-tree	20m/2m-tree			
Distance from trees	20 m	20 m			
Distance to furnace or	None	None			
incinerator	NOTE	None			
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°			
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon			
Residence time	13.0 s	13.1 s			
Will there be changes in next	No	No			
18 months?					
Frequency of one-point QC	Bi-weekly	Bi-weekly			
check (gaseous) Last annual performance	8/27/2020-CARB	12/16/20-Contractor			
evaluation (gaseous)	12/16/20-Contractor				

¹Ozone changed from Industrial to SLAMS and NO₂ changed to Non-NAAQS on February 26, 2019.

Table 5.9
Santa Barbara Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Santa Barbara				
AQS ID	060830011	060830011			
GIS coordinates	34.427711 -119.690844	1			
Location	In parking lot of the National Guard Armory				
Address		700 E. Canon Perdido, Santa Barbara CA 93103			
County	Santa Barbara County				
Dist. to road	De La Guerra, 10 meter	s; N Quarantina, 85 meters; N. No	pal, 60 meters; E. Canon		
	Perdido, 140 meters; N	. Milpas, 200 meters			
Traffic count (AADT,	De La Guerra - 4500 (19	996); Canon Perdido - 7300 (1996)	; Quarantina - 100 est.;		
year)	Milpas - 14600 (1996) N	N. Nopal – 100 est.			
Groundcover	Asphalt				
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barbara – S	Santa Maria, CA)			
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ ,1	PM2.5,3	PM10,3		
Monitor Type	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS		
Network Affiliation	NA	NA	NA		
Parameter Code	44201	88101	81102		
Monitoring Objective	NAAQS, public	NAAQS, public	NAAQS, public		
Site type(s)	population	Highest concentration	population		
MFG/ Model	TAPI 400	BAM 1020	BAM 1020		
Method Code	087	170	122		
FRM/FEM or other	FEM	FEM	FEM		
Collecting Agency	DISTRICT	District	District		
Reporting Agency	District	District	District		
Spatial Scale	Urban	Neighborhood	Neighborhood		
Start date	5/1/02	7/1/10	5/1/02		
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous		
Sampling season	All Year	All Year	All Year		
Probe height	4.8 m	4.5 m	4.5 m		
Distance from	2.1 m	1.8 m	1.8 m		
supporting structure					
Distance from	None	None	None		
obstructions on roof					
Distance from	10m/3m-tree	10m/3m-tree	10m/3m-tree		
obstructions not on roof					
Distance from trees	10m	10m	10m		
Distance to furnace or	None	None	None		
incinerator					
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°	360°		
For low volume PM	NA	No	No		
instruments, is any PM					
instrument within 1 m of					
the lo-vol? If yes, please					
list distance (meters)					
and instrument(s).					
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	N/A	N/A		
Residence time	7.8 s	N/A	N/A		

Will there be changes in next 18 months?	No	No	No
Frequency of one-point QC check (gaseous)	Daily		
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers		Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly
Last annual performance evaluation (gaseous)	8/13/2020		
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors		8/13/202010/29/2020 ¹	8/13/202010/29/2020 ¹
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	Yes	N/A

¹ Semi-annual flow rate audits were not 5 – 7 months apart due to Covid travel scheduling.

Note: The District took over responsibility for this site from CARB in January 2020.

Table 5.10
Santa Maria Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Santa Maria					
AQS ID	060831008					
GIS coordinates	34.942864 -120	.435625				
Location	Located on seco	ocated on second floor of small office building				
Address		y, Santa Maria C	-			
County	Santa Barbara (
Dist. to road		1	rison. 25 meters:	El Camino Colegio,	120 meters:	
	McClelland St.,		,,		,	
Traffic count (AADT,			orrison - 4016 (20	10); El Camino Cole	gio 769 (2010):	
year)	McClelland - 50			-,,	0 (//	
		- ()				
Groundcover	Parking lot pavi	ng				
Representative area		bara – Santa Ma	ria, CA)			
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ , 1	NO2, 1	CO, 3	PM10, 2	PM _{2.5} , 3	
Monitor Type	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	SLAMS	
Network Affiliation	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Parameter Code	44201	42602	42101	81102	88101	
Monitoring Objective	NAAQS,	NAAQS,	NAAQS,	NAAQS, public	NAAQS, public	
	public	public	public			
Site type(s)	Population	Population	Highest Conc.	Population	Population	
MFG/ Model	TAPI 400	TAPI 200	TAPI T300eu	BAM 1020	BAM 1020	
Method Code	087	099	593	122	170	
FRM/FEM or other	FEM	FRM	FRM	FEM	FEM	
Collecting Agency	CARB*	CARB*	CARB*	CARB*	CARB*	
Reporting Agency	CARB*	CARB*	CARB*	CARB*	CARB*	
Spatial Scale	Urban	Urban	Middle Scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	
Start date	5/1/99	5/1/99	5/1/99	7/1/09	7/1/10	
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	
Sampling season	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year	
Probe height	8.4 m	8.2 m	8.2 m	8.0 m	8.0 m	
Distance from	2.2 m	2.2 m	2.2 m	1.8 m	2.0 m	
supporting structure	2.2 111	2.2 11	2.2 111	1.0 11	2.0 11	
Distance from	None	None	None	None	None	
obstructions on roof	None	None	None	None	None	
Distance from	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	16m/2m-tree	
obstructions not on roof	1011/2111 1100	1011/2111 1100	10my 2m tree	1011/2111 1100	1011/2111 (100	
Distance from trees	16m	16m	16m	16m	16m	
Distance to furnace or	None	None	None	None	None	
incinerator	None	None	None	None	None	
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°	360°	360°	360°	
For low volume PM	NA	NA	NA	No	No	
instruments, is any PM						
instrument within 1 m of						
the lo-vol? If yes, please						
list distance (meters)						
and instrument(s).						
Probe material	Glass &	Glass &	Glass &	N/A	N/A	
	Teflon	Teflon	Teflon	ŕ	,	

Residence time	7.8 s	9.6 s	4.8 s	N/A	N/A
Will there be changes in next 18 months?	No	No	No	No	No
Frequency of one-point	Bi-Weekly or	Bi-Weekly or	Bi-Weekly or		
QC check (gaseous)	more often	more often	more often		
Frequency of flow rate verification for automated PM analyzers				Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly
Last annual performance evaluation (gaseous)	8/12/20	CARB did not perform	CARB did not perform		
Last two semi-annual flow rate audits for PM monitors				8/12/20 11/17/20	8/12/20 11/17/20
Is it suitable for comparison against the annual PM _{2.5} ?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes

Note: As noted in the 2020 ANP, the O₃ and NO₂ monitors traffic/roadway distance do not meet siting criteria and were not included in the minimum number of O₃ and NO₂ monitors on Table 2.1. The site was shutdown by CARB on February 28, 2021 with a new District replacement site scheduled to begin operation on July 1, 2021.

Table 5.11 Santa Ynez Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	Santa Ynez				
AQS ID	060833001				
GIS coordinates	34.605819 -120.0)75069			
Location	South side of San	ta Ynez airport	runway		
Address		900 Airport Rd., Santa Ynez, CA			
County	Santa Barbara Co	ounty			
Dist. to road	HWY 246, 550 m	eters			
Traffic count (AADT,	Hwy 246 - 8050 (2013)			
year)					
Groundcover	Grass/Dirt				
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barb	ara – Santa Ma	ria, CA)		
Pollutant, POC	O ₃ ,1				
Monitor Type	SLAMS				
Network Affiliation	NA				
Parameter Code	44201				
Monitoring Objective	NAQQS, public				
Site type(s)	Population				
MFG/ Model	TAPI T400				
Method Code	087				
FRM/FEM or other	FEM				
Collecting Agency	Santa Barbara				
	County				
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara				
	County				
Spatial Scale	Urban				
Start date	7/1/2013				
Operation schedule	Continuous				
Sampling season	All Year				
Probe height	3.5 m				
Distance from	1.0 m				
supporting structure					
Distance from	None				
obstructions on roof	News				
Distance from	None				
obstructions not on roof Distance from trees	None				
Distance to furnace or					
incinerator	None				
Unrestricted airflow	360°				
Probe material	Teflon				
Residence time	3.4 s				
Will there be changes in	No				
next 18 months?	140				
Frequency of one-point	Daily				
QC check (gaseous)	Lany				
Last annual performance	8/25/2020				
evaluation (gaseous)	-,,				
		1	1		1

Table 5.12

UCSB West Campus Monitoring Station Details

Site Name	UCSB West Camp	us			
AQS ID	060831020	060831020			
GIS coordinates	34.414942 -119.879511				
Location	Located West of I	Located West of Devereux slough near UCSB			
Address		us, Santa Barbara, CA			
County	Santa Barbara Co	· · ·			
Dist. to road	Slough Road, 425				
Traffic cnt (AADT, Yr)	Slough Road - 50				
Groundcover	Grass				
Representative area	MSA (Santa Barba	ara – Santa Maria, CA)		
Pollutant, POC	SO ₂ ,2	H ₂ S,1	TRS,1	THC,1	
Monitor Type	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial	Industrial	
	Non-NAAQS ¹	Non-NAAQS ²	Non-NAAQS ²	Non-NAAQS ²	
Network Affiliation	NA	NA	NA	NA	
Parameter Code	42401	42402	43911	43101	
Monitoring Objective	Public	Public	Public	Public	
Site type(s)	Source	Source	Source	Source	
MFG/ Model	TEI 43i	TEI 43i	TEI 43i	51i-HT	
Method Code	060	020	020	011	
FRM/FEM or other	FEM	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Collecting Agency	Consultant	Consultant	Consultant	Consultant	
Reporting Agency	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	
,	County	County	County	County	
Spatial Scale	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	Neighborhood	
Start date	6/1/99	6/1/99	6/1/99	6/1/99	
Operation schedule	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	Continuous	
Sampling season	All Year	All Year	All Year	All Year	
Probe height	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	
Distance from supporting	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
structure					
Distance from obstructions on roof	None	None	None	None	
Distance from obstructions not on roof	None	None	None	None	
Distance from trees	None	None	None	None	
Distance to furnace or	None	None	None	None	
incinerator					
Unrestricted airflow	360°	360°	360°	360°	
Probe material	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	Glass & Teflon	
Residence time	16.1 s	15.3 s	15.3 s	9.7 s	
Will there be changes in	NO	No	No	No	
next 18 months?					
Frequency of one-point QC	Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly	Bi-Weekly	
check (gaseous)					

Last annual performance	12/18/20	12/18/20	12/18/20	12/18/20
evaluation (gaseous)				

¹ SO₂ changed to Non-NAAQS on February 26, 2019. ² THC, H₂S, and TRS are not criteria pollutants.

Glossary of Acronyms

AQS	Air quality system
ARB	Air Resources Board
ARM	Approved regional method
CARB	California Air Resources Board
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
СО	Carbon monoxide
FEM	Federal equivalent method
FRM	Federal reference method
H_2S	Hydrogen Sulfide
MSA	Metropolitan statistical area
NAAQS	National ambient air quality standard
NO ₂	Nitrogen dioxide
O ₃	Ozone
PM ₁₀	Particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter
PM _{2.5}	Particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in diameter
PSD	Prevention of significant deterioration
SBCAPCD	Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District
SLAMS	State and Local Air Monitoring Station
SO ₂	Sulfur dioxide
SPM	Special purpose monitor
THC	Total hydrocarbons
TRS	Total reduced sulfur
	United States Environmental Dretection Agenau

US EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

APPENDIX A

Regulatory language of 40 CFR 58.10

§ 58.10 Annual monitoring network plan and periodic network assessment.

(a)(1) Beginning July 1, 2007, the State, or where applicable local, agency shall adopt and submit to the Regional Administrator an annual monitoring network plan which shall provide for the establishment and maintenance of an air quality surveillance system that consists of a network of SLAMS monitoring stations including FRM, FEM, and ARM monitors that are part of SLAMS, NCore stations, STN stations, State speciation stations, SPM stations, and/or, in serious, severe and extreme O₃ nonattainment areas, PAMS stations, and SPM monitoring stations. The plan shall include a statement of purposes for each monitor and evidence that siting and operation of each monitor meets the requirements of appendices A, C, D, and E of this part, where applicable. The annual monitoring network plan must be made available for public inspection for at least 30 days prior to submission to EPA.

(2) Any annual monitoring network plan that proposes SLAMS network modifications including new monitoring sites is subject to the approval of the EPA Regional Administrator, who shall provide opportunity for public comment and shall approve or disapprove the plan and schedule within 120 days. If the State or local agency has already provided a public comment opportunity on its plan and has made no changes subsequent to that comment opportunity, the Regional Administrator is not required to provide a separate opportunity for comment.

(3) The plan for establishing required NCore multi-pollutant stations shall be submitted to the Administrator not later than July 1, 2009. The plan shall provide for all required stations to be operational by January 1, 2011.

(b) The annual monitoring network plan must contain the following information for each existing and proposed site:

(1) The AQS site identification number.

(2) The location, including street address and geographical coordinates.

- (3) The sampling and analysis method(s) for each measured parameter.
- (4) The operating schedules for each monitor.

(5) Any proposals to remove or move a monitoring station within a period of 18 months following plan submittal.

(6) The monitoring objective and spatial scale of representativeness for each monitor as defined in appendix D to this part.

(7) The identification of any sites that are suitable and sites that are not suitable for comparison against the annual $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS as described in §58.30.

(8) The MSA, CBSA, CSA or other area represented by the monitor.

(c) The annual monitoring network plan must document how States and local agencies provide for the review of changes to a $PM_{2.5}$ monitoring network that impact the location of a violating $PM_{2.5}$ monitor or the creation/change to a community monitoring zone, including a description of the proposed use of spatial averaging for purposes of making comparisons to the annual $PM_{2.5}$ NAAQS as set forth in appendix N to part 50 of this chapter. The affected State or local agency must document the process for obtaining public comment and include any comments received through the public notification process within their submitted plan.

(d) The State, or where applicable local, agency shall perform and submit to the EPA Regional Administrator an assessment of the air quality surveillance system every 5 years to determine, at a minimum, if the network meets the monitoring objectives defined in appendix D to this part, whether new sites are needed, whether existing sites are no longer needed and can be terminated, and whether new technologies are appropriate for incorporation into the ambient air monitoring network. The network assessment must consider the ability of existing and proposed sites to support air quality characterization for areas with relatively high populations of susceptible individuals (e.g., children with asthma), and, for any sites that are being proposed for discontinuance, the effect on data users other than the agency itself, such as nearby States and Tribes or health effects studies. For PM_{2.5}, the assessment also must identify needed changes to population-oriented sites. The State, or where applicable local, agency must submit a copy of this 5-year assessment, along with a revised annual network plan, to the Regional Administrator. The first assessment is due July 1, 2010.

(e) All proposed additions and discontinuations of SLAMS monitors in annual monitoring network plans and periodic network assessments are subject to approval according to §58.1

APPENDIX B DISCONTINUATION OF SANTA MARIA SLAMS STATION ON BROADWAY



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105-3901

March 29, 2021

Kathleen Gill Chief, Air Quality Surveillance Branch Monitoring and Laboratory Division California Air Resources Board 1927 13th Street Sacramento, California 95811

Dear Chief Gill:

This letter provides the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) review and approval for the California Air Resources Board's (CARB) discontinuation of the O₃, CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5}, and PM₁₀ State/Local Air Monitoring Station (SLAMS) monitors at the Santa Maria – South Broadway site (Air Quality System (AQS) Site ID: 06-083-1008). A request for EPA approval of this network change was submitted to EPA on December 30, 2020. Per 40 CFR 58.14, monitoring agencies are required to obtain EPA approval for the discontinuation of SLAMS monitors.

Discontinuation of the O₃, CO, NO₂, and PM_{2.5} SLAMS monitors were reviewed by EPA against criteria contained in 40 CFR 58.14(c)(1), based on certified data submitted to EPA's AQS. The Santa Maria O₃ monitor was in attainment of the 2008 and 2015 8-hour O₃ National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) for design value years 2015-2019. The EPA has determined that, based on design values from 2015-2019, there is less than a 10 percent probability of exceeding 80 percent of the NAAQS during the next three years at this site. During 2015-2019, the 4th maximum daily 8-hour O₃ concentrations were generally at least 10 parts per billion (ppb) below the 2015 NAAQS. Preliminary 2020 data are consistent with the historical trend and continue to show low concentrations. This O₃ SLAMS monitor is not specifically required by an attainment or maintenance plan and is not the maximum O₃ concentration site in the Santa Barbara-Santa Maria Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA). The Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District (SBCAPCD) currently operates seven other O₃ SLAMS monitors in the Santa Barbara-Santa Maria MSA. Furthermore, discontinuance of this monitor does not compromise data collection needed for implementation of the NAAQS and will not prevent SBCAPCD from meeting 40 CFR 58 Appendix D requirements. As elaborated upon below, SBCAPCD plans to establish O₃ SLAMS monitoring at a new site in the MSA.

The Santa Maria CO monitor was in attainment of the 1971 1-hour CO and 8-hour CO NAAQS for design value years 2015-2019. The EPA has determined that, based on design values from 2015-2019, there is less than a 10 percent probability of exceeding 80 percent of the NAAQS during the next three years at this site. Preliminary 2020 data are consistent with the historical trend and continue to show low

concentrations. This CO monitor is not specifically required by an attainment or maintenance plan, and SBCAPCD currently operates another CO SLAMS monitor in the Santa Barbara-Santa Maria MSA. Furthermore, discontinuance of this monitor does not compromise data collection needed for implementation of the NAAQS and will not prevent SBCAPCD from meeting 40 CFR 58 Appendix D requirements.

The Santa Maria NO₂ monitor was in attainment of the 1971 annual and 2010 1-hour NO₂ NAAQS for design value years 2015-2019. The EPA has determined that, based on design values from 2015-2019, there is less than a 10 percent probability of exceeding 80 percent of the NAAQS during the next three years at this site. Preliminary 2020 data are consistent with the historical trend and continue to show low concentrations. This NO₂ monitor is not specifically required by an attainment or maintenance plan, and SBCAPCD currently operates another NO₂ SLAMS monitor in the Santa Barbara-Santa Maria MSA. Furthermore, discontinuance of this monitor does not compromise data collection needed for implementation of the NAAQS and will not prevent SBCAPCD from meeting 40 CFR 58 Appendix D requirements.

The PM2.5 monitor was in attainment of the 2012 annual and 2006 24-hour PM2.5 NAAQS for design value years 2015-2019. The EPA has determined that, based on design values from 2015-2019, there is less than a 10 percent probability of exceeding 80 percent of the NAAQS during the next three years at this site. Preliminary 2020 data are consistent with the historical trend and continue to show low concentrations. As demonstrated in CARB's letter and supporting documentation, the Santa Maria site is not and is unlikely to become the maximum PM2.5 concentration site for the County, and all annual PM2.5 averages, annual PM2.5 98th percentile values, and PM2.5 design values for the site between 2015 and 2019 are below the corresponding NAAQS. Furthermore, discontinuance of this monitor does not compromise data collection needed for implementation of the NAAQS and will not prevent SBCAPCD from meeting 40 CFR 58 Appendix D requirements. SBCAPCD currently operates three other PM2.5 SLAMS monitors in the Santa Barbara-Santa Maria MSA. As elaborated upon below, SBCAPCD plans to establish PM2.5 SLAMS monitoring at a new site in the MSA.

Discontinuation of the PM10 SLAMS monitor was reviewed by EPA against criteria contained in 40 CFR 58.14(c), which states that requests for discontinuation "may also be approved on a case-by-case basis if discontinuance does not compromise data collection needed for implementation of a NAAOS and if the requirements of appendix D to this part, if any, continue to be met." The Santa Maria PM_{10} monitor was in attainment of the 1987 24-hour PM10 NAAQS for the 2016 design value; 2015 and 2017-2019 design values were invalid due to incomplete data. The PM_{10} monitor began reporting data in standard conditions on June 1, 2013; the 2013 data were therefore not comparable to the NAAQS prior to this date, resulting in an invalid 2015 design value. More recently, the PM10 monitor had 58% data completeness in the second quarter of 2017 due to instrumentation issues that resulted in invalid 2017-2019 design values. Preliminary 2020 data are consistent with the historical trend and continue to show low concentrations. As demonstrated in CARB's letter and supporting documentation, no 24-hr PM₁₀ exceedances were recorded in the last five years at the PM₁₀ monitor. Furthermore, discontinuance of this monitor does not compromise data collection needed for implementation of the PM10 NAAOS and will not prevent SBCAPCD from meeting 40 CFR 58 Appendix D requirements. SBCAPCD currently operates three other PM10 SLAMS monitors in the Santa Barbara-Santa Maria MSA. As elaborated upon below, SBCAPCD plans to establish PM₁₀ SLAMS monitoring at a new site in the MSA.

Based on these analyses, EPA approves CARB's discontinuation of the Santa Maria O₃, CO, NO₂, PM_{2.5}, and PM₁₀ SLAMS monitors. Please include this letter and the relevant monitor and site information in the next CARB and SBCAPCD annual monitoring network plans.

EPA further notes that, as stated in SBCAPCD's 2020 Annual Network Plan, SBCAPCD intends to establish O₃, PM_{2.5}, and PM₁₀ SLAMS monitors at a new site within the Santa Barbara-Santa Maria MSA in 2021. The site location has not yet been determined, but SBCAPCD intends to establish a site with similar monitoring objectives and spatial scales as the current Santa Maria site location. Per 40 CFR 58.14, monitoring agencies are required to obtain EPA approval for the establishment of new SLAMS monitors. EPA recommends that SBCAPCD work with the EPA on this request and to ensure that the new monitors meet all relevant requirements.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (415) 947-4134 or Dena Vallano of my staff at (415) 972-3134.

Sincerely,

Yoshimura, Gwen Digitally signed by Yoshimura, Gwen Date: 2021.03.29 12:57:27 -07'00'

Gwen Yoshimura Manager, Air Quality Analysis Office

cc (via email): Manisha Singh, CARB Greg Gilani, CARB Kathleen Gill, CARB Sylvia Vanderspek, CARB Adolfo Garcia, CARB Laura Carr, CARB Ravi Ramalingam, CARB Craig Anderson, CARB Reggie Smith, CARB Thomas Lovejoy, CARB Andrea McStocker, CARB Joel Cordes, SBCAPCD

APPENDIX C Public Notice Proof of Publication